

## NEW DANGER

Paris Fears Outbreak of  
Typhoid Fever.

## HEALTH BOARD WARS

Hold Conference to Plan Com-  
bat on Germs.

## MANY STORES ARE CLOSED

Mails Delayed and Thousands Are Thrown Out of Employment. Maximum High Water Believed Passed, Though Worst Results Are Not Over, as Vast Buildings, Many Historic, Are Thought to Have Been Weakened by Water and in Danger of Collapsing.

Paris, Jan. 27.—M. Millerand, minister of public works, said to-night there was reason to believe that the maximum of the flood had passed and that hope was justifiable. On the other hand, some engineers are less confident. They fear a yet further increase.

The cold increased at nightfall and the mercury dropped to below freezing. Even if the flood now recedes unchecked, the worst is not over. Subsidences continue and are likely to increase, endangering numbers of buildings, among which are some of historical importance. The extent of this danger is yet unknown. The water has so percolated everywhere that foundations may be found to be sapped in unexpected directions at surprising distances from the river. Then there is the task of feeding and housing the many thousands of refugees. Above all is the specter of disease, which haunts the administrative authorities and the public alike.

**Prepare to Fight Germs.**

A conference of leading physicians and health officers has been arranged to devise regulations to prevent or combat typhoid fever and other possible epidemics. This danger seems to grow even more menacing now that attention is partially diverted from the river itself. A large part of Paris is now without a sewerage system. Many of the sewers have burst while others are choked with mud. Numbers of cellars contain beneath the flood water deposits of indescribable filth. Some of the streets are strewn with loathsome refuse.

The work of rescuing and supplying food has gone on all day without interruption. Many more men, including a number of sailors from the northern and western parts, are now employed in this labor. All work with gallant devotion, which received recognition this afternoon when the Chamber of Deputies formally recorded its admiration of their zeal and resource.

**To Hold Down Prices.**

The question of the price of food was also raised in the chamber. M. Briand, the prime minister, won applause by promising that the government would intervene to prevent an unwarranted increase in values. Coal, wood, and petroleum have risen considerably.

The Senate this afternoon adopted a short bill extending the time for the payment of taxes by sufferers in the flood districts.

To-day, as yesterday, the flood encroached in many unexpected places. Numerous residences in the wealthy quarters, which Mithro had been free of water, had their cellars flooded. Their occupants promptly moved to the hotels. Among these were Mr. Bacon, the American Ambassador, in the basement of the embassy being swamped.

An incident which enormously impressed Parisians this afternoon was the closing of the well-known Printemps department stores. The building has two

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## SALOONISTS DEFEAT PRAYERS.

## Billy Sunday and Joplin Women Lose Option Election.

Joplin, Mo., Jan. 27.—The saloons won the local option election to-day. When Billy Sunday preached here against saloons recently, there was undoubtedly a majority of 1,000 against saloons, but immediately after his departure the wets got busy.

Women prayed and sang at the polls all day. Many women wore the red, white, and blue emblems.

## PATROLMEN USED CLUBS.

## Three Members of Force Dismissed in New York.

New York, Jan. 27.—Commissioner Baker dismissed from the police force to-day Policemen John Kelly, James H. Devan, and George I. Hanson.

After the mayor had heard of Commissioner Baker's action, he sent him the following letter:

"Your letter of this date, notifying me of the dismissal of three patrolmen for committing unlawful batteries on citizens is at hand.

"I am much gratified by the prompt action in their cases. Let all such men on the force be treated in the same way and as promptly as possible."

**A Notable Auction Sale.**

The Youngs Sale to-day at Sloan's, 1407 G st. (11 a. m. and 3 p. m.), offers an unusual opportunity to secure rare household adornments in mahogany, furniture, silver, china, plate, paintings, valuable books, curios, Persian rugs, etc., being the effects of the late Judge A. W. Youngs, former consul at Bordeaux, France, and other private owners; also the collection of Mr. J. B. Morrey, a local dealer in fine paintings, who is retiring from business. Catalogues at the Sloan Galleries, 1407 G st.

## WEATHER FORECAST.

For the District of Columbia and Maryland—Fair to-day; to-morrow, partly cloudy; not much change in temperature; moderate west and northwest winds, becoming variable.

## HERALD NEWS SUMMARY.

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  - 4—Dr. Wiley Talks on Eggs.
  - 5—Trade Sessions at End.
  - 6—Babies Sold by Hundreds.
  - 7—News of Day in Congress.
  - 8—Sunday Bill Is Passed.
  - 9—High Tariff Is Lauded.
  - 10—Throng at Motor Show.
  - 11—Waterfelters Make Bogus Bills.
  - 12—Society.
  - 13—High Prices Blamed on Tariff.
  - 14—Editorials.
  - 15—In World of Women.
  - 16—Sporting.
  - 17—Daily Court Report.
  - 18—Markets.
  - 19—Capt. Laird's Widow Heir.

## GRASTY IS IN CHARGE

Baltimore Sun Announces  
Change in Ownership.

## EXECUTIVE HEAD OF PAPER

**Abells Retain Large Interests and Rumors Are Rife as to Causes for the Shift—New Owner May Rejuvenate the World Into an Afternoon Edition of the Sun.**

Special to The Washington Herald.

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 27.—The Baltimore Sun will make the following announcement to-morrow:

"Judge Niles, in the Circuit Court, yesterday ratified the sale to Charles H. Grasty, of a portion of the interest in the Sun held by the Walter R. Abell estate.

"The action of the court completes a transaction by which Mr. Grasty becomes president of the A. S. Abell Company, publishers of the Sun, and the executive head of the paper. All of the present owners retain large interests. No changes are contemplated."

**Acquires Only a Part.**

While Mr. Grasty has obtained a share of the one-third interest represented by Walter R. Abell, there is no mention of his having acquired any part of the one-third interest represented by Charles W. Abell, or the one-third interest controlled by an official of the Safe Deposit and Trust Company. As it is not quite clear what part of the three interests in control that Mr. Grasty may have acquired, there is much speculation as to whether the new head of the newspaper has or has not control. At any rate, Mr. Grasty is to take charge of the paper and dictate its policies, while it will still be published by the A. S. Abell Company.

Rumors have been rife as to a disagreement among the Abells as to the policy and business of the Sun, and it is believed that the calling in of a man outside the family to take charge is the solution of the problem.

## Successful in West.

Mr. Grasty, while a Southerner, came here from successful journalistic ventures in the West and made a great success of the Baltimore News. When the News was sold he went to Minneapolis, buying an interest in and combining newspapers there. Recently he sold out and returned to Baltimore. He is credited with having purchased the Baltimore World at auction a few days ago. The first payment only has been made. There are rumors that Mr. Grasty may rejuvenate the World as his property, issue it as an evening edition of the Sun, or drop it.

## PROF. RAYMONDS DEAD.

## Yale Law Professor Stricken in New York on Honeymoon.

New York, Jan. 27.—Prof. Edward V.lette Reynolds, a member of the Yale Law School faculty, died at the Hotel Belmont to-night from pneumonia. He was on his honeymoon and had been ill only four days.

On last Thursday he was married to Mrs. Thomas Harris at her home in Toronto, Canada, and then they started at once for this city. The professor had severe cold when he left Toronto, and it steadily grew worse until pneumonia set in.

He had been connected with Yale University since 1889, when he was appointed instructor in municipal law. He served in the United States army during the Spanish-American war, gaining the rank of lieutenant.

BABIES BY HUNDREDS  
PALMED ON FATHERSHead of Los Angeles Maternity Hospital Gives Most  
Startling Testimony in Court.

Special to The Washington Herald.

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 27.—That she has provided homes for more than 300 babies in Los Angeles, and that until now none of the supposed "fathers" were any wiser, was the startling testimony of Mrs. C. E. Smith, who furnished Mrs. W. V. Wilson with four children, who she tried to palm off several days ago on her husband as quadruplets born to her.

Mrs. Smith said it was a favorite way with women whose husbands wanted children and who wanted to escape the cares. The matter came out in the investigation before Judge Wilbur regarding the parentage of the four children which Mrs. Wilson had admitted were not hers.

The four homeless babies were brought into court and identified as near as possible. Hilda Lindquist admitted under oath that she was the mother of one of

the girls, whose father's name was Jordan, and the court ordered the baby to be named Agnes Jordan.

Inquiry as to the parentage of the other three was less successful. Judge Wilbur adjourned the hearing for a week to allow the officers time to summon the real parents into court. The other girl was tagged "Jane Doe, No. 1399."

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AIR RETROCESSION  
AT BUSINESS FETESenators Money and Bailey  
Speak in Alexandria.

## AMONG GUESTS OF CITY

Commercial Club's Entertain-  
ment at Armory Hall.

Glittering Array of Decorations and Talent with Visitors from Washington—Former Commissioner West and Representative Carlin Express Views on Question of Taking the Quaint City Back into Capital.

The Alexandria Chamber of Commerce last evening gave its second annual banquet at Armory Hall. Three hundred representative business men attended among them Senators, Representatives, and others high in political and business life.

The keynote of the speeches, none of which was set, was retrocession. Representative Carlin opposed the question. Most of the speeches were brief, and the orators of the evening at times evoked considerable applause. Among those who spoke were Senator Joseph W. Bailey, Texas; Senator H. D. Money, Mississippi; Senator Thomas S. Martin, Virginia; Representative C. C. Carlin, Alexandria; W. T. Dabney, business manager of the Richmond (Va.) Chamber of Commerce, and H. L. West, former District Commissioner, Decorations and Music.

The hall was tastefully decorated. The four walls were covered with flags and palms in great variety. Myriads of incandescent lights swung from the top of the hall, covered with pink shades. The tables were decorated with American Beauty roses, cut flowers and tiny incandescent lights, together with smilax and ferns. Candelabras also added to the illumination of the tables, which were arranged in the shape of a square. During the evening Schroeder's Orchestra, of Washington, furnished the music, and there was some lively airs. They were stationed at the west end of the hall, and partially obscured by palms to order by President J. T. Johnson, following the arrival of the distinguished guests, who came down from Washington on the palace car Mount Vernon, accompanied by a number of members of the chamber of commerce, and who reached Alexandria shortly before 9 o'clock. Invocation was pronounced by Rev. Arthur S. Lloyd, Bishop Coadjutor of Virginia.

The toastmaster of the evening, J. T. Johnson, rapped the assembly to order promptly at 10 o'clock.

**Bailey Dips Into History.**

Senator Bailey told his hearers that he had dropped down to Alexandria reluctantly, but was more reluctant to leave. "This is one of the historic spots of the world," he said. "Nowhere under the dome of heaven can a man feel the influence of three such as Mount Vernon, the home of Washington; scarcely less renowned is Gunston Hall, the home of George Mason, next to Thomas Jefferson, the greatest man of his day, and the home of Robert E. Lee, crowning the hilltops of Virginia."

"Lee," he said, "was the keenest soul and the most knightly soul that ever graced the nation's pages of history."

Speaking of retrocession, Mr. Bailey said if the bill should pass the House Senator Martin would have all the help he needs. "He has the faculty of having more men working for him than any one I ever saw," said the Senator. "While he likes Washington, he couldn't do both, and suggested that Washington be annexed to Alexandria."

The speaker dwelt at length on the question of duty, and among other things, said no man has done his duty well unless he performs it as a citizen. He declared that there is vastly more unrest than ever heard or dreamed of, and also more socialism. He asserted that if socialists and demagogues were allowed to run the country it would make but little difference how much was built up.

He said the great contest is between monopoly and socialism. In conclusion, he entreated his hearers to exercise the prerogative of suffrage and to place fit men to run the government in office.

Representative Carlin was given a rousing ovation before he had said but little.

Continued on Page 9, Column 6.

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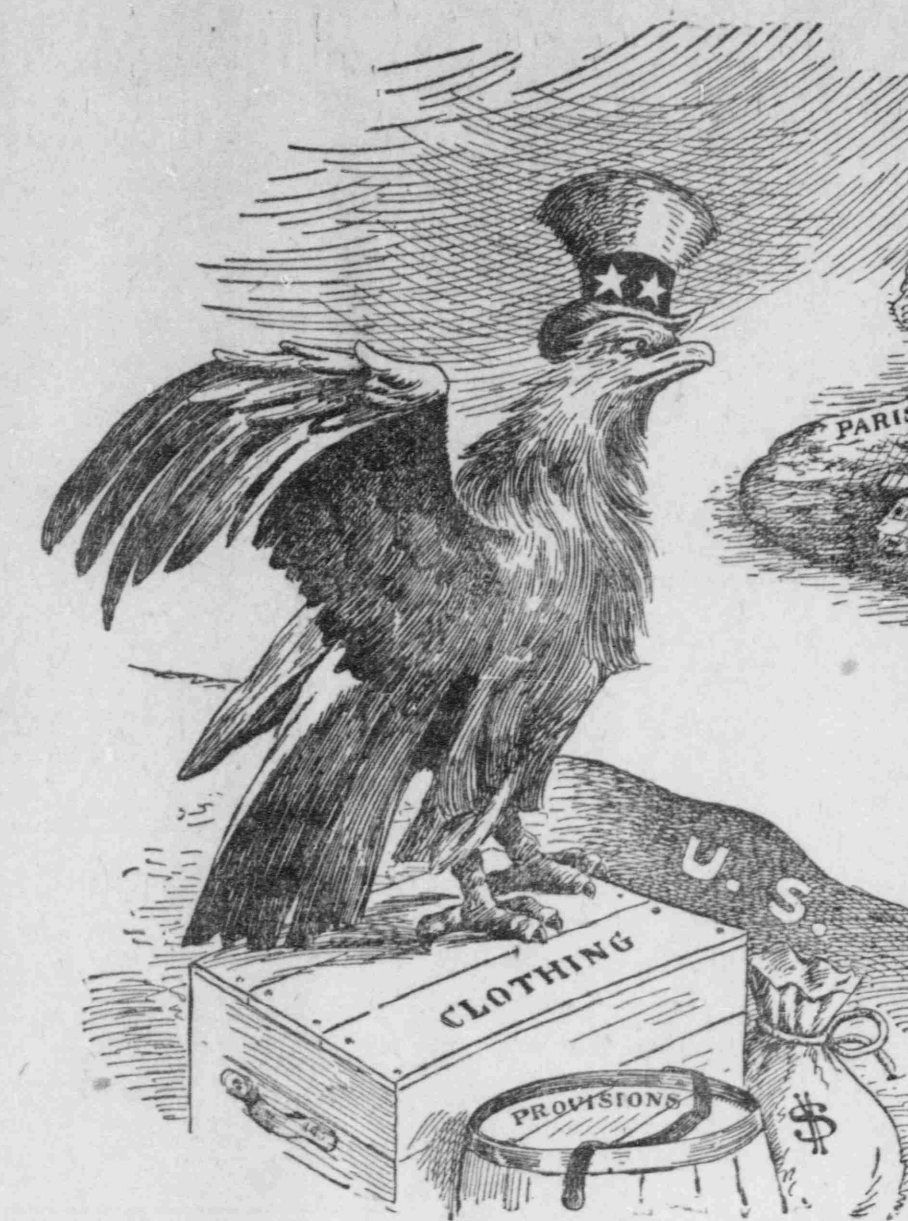
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## JUST AWAITING ORDERS.



## GRAFT IN CHICAGO.

## Eleven City Employees and Contractors Are Indicted.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—Eleven persons, city employees and contractors, were indicted this afternoon by the grand jury in true bills, charging conspiracy to defraud the city of Chicago out of \$233,000.40 in the Lawrence Avenue sewer "shale-rock" graft scandal.

The indictments were returned before Judge Kersten, after a long and bitter grand jury session, in which repeated verbal clashes took place.

Only one indictment was returned, a blanket indictment, against the eleven men, containing four counts. One charge of conspiracy to obtain money of the city of Chicago on false bills.

## CAR ON TRIAL TRIP.

## Runs from Baltimore to Treasury Without Change.

Washingtonians who patronize the electric lines will soon enjoy trips from the Treasury to Park avenue and Marion street, Baltimore, without change. One of the new cars was put through a trial run yesterday, the trip being entirely satisfactory. The car was in charge of W. C. Butler, electrical engineer of the company.

Those who made the trip to this city and return were officials of the Washington, Baltimore and Annapolis Electric Railway Company, Washington Railway and Electric Company, Cleveland Construction Company, and General Electric Company.

The officials hope to have the new cars running straight through by the middle of next month.

## NAGEL SPEAKS IN BALTIMORE.

## "Expansion of Trade" His Subject Before Merchant Body.

Special to The Washington Herald.

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 27.—The Merchants and Manufacturers' Association added one more triumph to their record of annual banquets to-night when the members and guests gathered 300 strong at the Hotel Remont and listened to addresses. Secretary Nagel, of the Department of Commerce and Labor, was one of the speakers on "The expansion of trade."

Representative Joseph E. Ransdell, of Louisiana, president of the National Rivers and Harbors Congress, spoke on Baltimore as a seaport. Senator Robert L. Taylor, of Tennessee, also spoke. Senators Borah and Cummins sent regrets.

## SHORTS RAISES WAGES.

## Interborough Employees Get Second Voluntary Increase.

New York, Jan. 27.—President Shorts, of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, announced to-day an increase in wages for more than 6,000 employees of the subway and elevator roads.

This is the second voluntary raise in wages made by the Interborough since January, 1907.

It was said that this latest increase was made in recognition of the higher cost of living and in accordance with the intention of the management to maintain a rate of wages for its employees equal to that of any similar railroad in the country or better.

## AMES SEEKS DEMOCRATIC AID.

## Representative Making Active Fight for Senator Lodge's Seat.

Boston, Jan. 27.—Frankly declaring his intention to seek Democratic as well as Republican support in his fight for Henry C. Lodge's place in the Senate, Representative Butler Ames, of Lowell, continued to-day to discuss his candidacy with Republican members of the Massachusetts legislature.

The law-makers were brought down to the Union Club by Ames' runners.

"There are men still living," Ames said to-day to his visitors, "who haven't forgotten that Henry Cabot Lodge has shown on occasions that he knows how to borrow help from the Democrats."

**Rhodes Scholars Return.**

London, Jan. 27.—A statement issued to-day by the trustees of the Rhodes Scholarships shows that the total number of scholars last year was 179. Of this number, ninety were from the United States, seventy-eight from the British colonies, and eleven from Germany. Of the eighty-three Americans who have completed their course in the English colleges under the Rhodes gift, eighty-two have returned to the United States and one has taken work in England.

DINE AMIDST RELICS  
OF DEAD ROYALTYMrs. MacVeagh Serves Guests from Napoleon's Des-  
sert Plate at Dinner to Cardinal Gibbons.

Guests of Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. MacVeagh at a dinner at their home last night in honor of Cardinal Gibbons enjoyed the unique distinction of eating fruit from dessert plates which were the property of the great Napoleon.

They also drank wine from glasses that belonged to King Charles I of England.

Down the center of the table was a plateau of ormolu, in which sections of mirror reflected the ormolu vases holding the flowers that formed part of the decoration of the table.

This plateau was twelve feet in length and two and a half feet wide. Some valuable old Wedgwood plates were used, as well as a number of beautiful specimens of English Worcester and Limoges. Particularly attractive were the oyster plates of old Irish glass.

The exquisite crystal King Charles glasses are oddly shaped and are in five sizes, for water, wine, and liquor, and each piece has the royal initials, "C. R.," with the date "1669" and a monogram between the letters. The set belonged to the unfortunate monarch, who was beheaded, and whose possessions, following his execution, were confiscated. After several centuries they found their way to public auction sales in London, and it was in the English capital that they were discovered and purchased by Mrs. MacVeagh, who delights in collecting unique

and rare articles, as well as those that have historic value.

The Napoleonic dessert plates are beautiful examples of the art of Sevres. Each is numbered and bears the stamp, "Chateau de la Tuilerie."

Many of these priceless treasures are familiar to those who have frequented the MacVeagh home in Chicago. They form one of the most interesting collections of historic and artistic ornaments to be found in this city.

Those at the dinner besides the host and hostess and the cardinal were: Chancellor P. C. Gavan, of Baltimore; Postmaster General Hitchcock, Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Meyer, United States Minister to China and Mrs. W. J. Calhoun, Mrs. Gore-Mason, of Chicago; Prof. Henry W. Schofield, of Harvard University, and Mrs. Schofield; Mrs. Henderson, of England; Mrs. Richard Townsend, Mrs. Robert W. Patterson, Mrs. Wesley M. Merritt, Miss Patten, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick A. Kepp, Mr. and Mrs. James H. Kidder, of New York; Mrs. John L. Gardner, of Boston; Miss Georgianna Hopkins, of Boston; A. J. Parsons, United States Treasurer; Mr. Clung, Director of the Mint; A. Platt Andrew; Mr. Thomas S. Lee, Eames MacVeagh, son of the hosts.

Mrs. MacVeagh wore a splendid gown of emerald satin, with an elaborate set of emeralds and pearls.

## AIKEN SEEKS ABSOLUTE PROHIBITION FOR DISTRICT

## South Carolinian Offers Most Stringent Bill Ever Introduced in Congress to Make Capital "Dry."

Exceeding in stringency any bill ever introduced in Congress for prohibition in the District, Representative Aiken, of South Carolina, yesterday submitted a measure which is termed the most drastic ever.

Under the provisions of the latest prohibition bill, no persons, corporation, association, or club shall manufacture or sell liquors or beverages which contain alcohol and, which if drunk, will produce intoxication.

Washington will be the model "dry" city of the country if the South Carolinian bill is enacted. Wholesale and retail druggists are the only persons who may dispense "pure alcohol" for medical

purpose, and then only on a prescription of a physician for a patient who needs the stimulant to regain health.

Not more than one pint of liquor will be sold on such prescription and not more than five gallons of alcohol may be sold to art schools or scientific organizations for educational purposes.

Mr. Aiken wants absolute prohibition, and hence includes a penalty of from \$100 to \$500, together with imprisonment at hard labor, for violators of the proposed law. A druggist who violates the act will have his license revoked for a year.

The bill eradicates all saloons and wholesale liquor stores, and would eliminate the traffic in spirituous or malt liquor henceforth and forever.

## BRITISH ELECTIONS.

## Liberals and Laborites Hold a Safe Lead.

London, Jan. 27.—As a result of the announcements of the pollings published up to 4 o'clock this afternoon, the different parties stand: Unionists, 23; Liberals, 29; Laborites, 39; Nationalists, 74; net Unionist gain, 50.

Donald MacMaster, a Canadian, has won a seat for the Unionists for the Chertsey division of Surrey by a majority of 4,613 over his Liberal opponent. At the last general election the Liberal candidate was successful by a vote of 6,395 against 6,395 cast for his Unionist opponent.

## CAPT. BUTT INITIATED.

Capt. Archie Butt, military aid of President Taft, was initiated a third degree Mason last night by his fellow lodge members of Temple Lodge, No. 32. His companion was Capt. Clark, who also became a full-fledged "third-degree."

**Attractive Values in Fine Palms.**

at Blackstone's, 14th & H. Don't delay.

WOULD REGULATE  
PUBLIC SERVICESRepresentative Smith Urges  
Board for Purpose.

## MAKES GRAPHIC SPEECH

Brightwood Park Citizens' As-  
sociation His Audience.

Michigan Legislator Declares Methods of Big Corporations in Washington Should Be Examined by Disinterested Commission—Street Car Fare Not Exorbitant, He Says, Scores Telegraph Company.

Urging a public service commission for the District, the reclamation of Anacostia Flats, and a public park extending from Eastern Branch to Rock Creek Park, Representative Samuel W. Smith, chairman of the House District Committee, delivered a graphic speech before the Brightwood Park Citizens' Association last night.

President William McCloyton introduced Mr. Smith, who spoke at length on the advisability of a public service commission for the District, pointing out that there were corporations in Washington known as the gas company, the telephone company, the electric light company, and the street car company.

**Corporations Need Attention.**

"And if they are here," he said, "why should they not be guarded and regulated? They are regulated throughout the country, and should be given attention here. There is only one way possible to ascertain if the companies are not conducting their affairs properly, and that is by appointing a public service commission to examine carefully into the methods of these concerns. This commission should be composed of men out of town. I advocate this scheme because it would best protect the interests of the District."

At this point C. C. Lancaster asked why the men should be nonresidents of the District. Mr. Smith replied that if the men were affiliated in any way with the city it would make matters embarrassing for them.

"For we all know," he continued, "that if one of the Commissioners were to report favorably on the present rate of gas, some of his neighbors would accuse him of having stock in the company."

The speaker declared he knew of no other city in the United States where six car tickets could be bought for a quarter.

"In Cleveland," he continued, "a decision has just been handed down that the rate should be 3 cents. I have been told the cost of underground service is more than three times as expensive as overhead, and if the decision of the court of Cleveland be correct, then why is 5 cents too exorbitant a rate in Washington, where the cost of installation is so expensive? But these are not questions for us to decide, but should have the careful attention of experts, who can investigate the matter thoroughly and present to the Commissioners a report on which they can act intelligently. At the last session of Congress, when the gas matter was up before my committee, there was two experts who appeared before us. One was given almost an hour and the other thirty-five minutes."

After Mr. Smith had finished with the gas company and the telephone company, he arraigned the Western Union Telegraph Company as the cause of one of the greatest curses the country tolerates. He declared that no greater blessing ever came to the country than when Congress abolished railroad passes, and that he would like to see the Western Union taken in hand. He advocated the government ownership of telegraphs and the adoption of the telegraph.

## Advices Government Ownership.

"I do not see why the government is permitted to carry our letters and not our important messages, which must go over the wires," he declared.

When the Michigan legislator took up the subject he turned the hall into a classroom, and explained every feature of the system, stating messages could be sent clear across the continent for half a cent a word.

Mr. Smith read a bill to be introduced in the House providing for a parking scheme that will eventually mean one continuous park from Rock Creek to the District line on the east.

A short address was made by Louis P. Shoemaker, president of the Brightwood Park Citizens' Association, in which he congratulated Mr. Smith upon his address. Short talks were made by William B. Cox, Judge Bulky, President Cromwell, of the Petworth Citizens' Association, and President Edwards, of the Lincoln Park Association.

## TAFT AIDS NEGRO SCHOOL.

## Sends Contribution for Rebuilding Morris Brown College.

Atlanta, Jan. 27.—Sending a check for \$50 to aid in rebuilding Morris Brown College, the Atlanta negro institution, which recently burned, President Taft says in part:

"I was sorry to hear of the burning of the Morris Brown College, but I am glad to know that you are struggling to rebuild it. I herewith send a check for \$50 as contribution to the fund. This is a small check, but I have a great many calls."

## White Slaver Indicted.

New York, Jan. 27.—The Rockefeller grand jury has indicted Harry Schmuckler, who is accused of participating in running a disorderly house in Second avenue. Louis Circus is now in the Tombs on the charge of being the proprietor of the place. It is charged that Schmuckler brought from Indiana Stella R. Frieland, nineteen years old, and forced her to live at the Second avenue house.

**\$1.25 to Baltimore and Return.**

Saturdays and Sundays via Pennsylvania Railroad. Tickets good returning until Sunday night. All regular trains except "Congressional Limited."